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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/977,687	10/16/2001	Craig R. White	10011785-1	3774
22879 7590 08/18/2008 HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION FORT COLLINS, CO 80527-2400				
EXAMINER				
ALL HATEM M				
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER		
3692				
NOTIFICATION DATE		DELIVERY MODE		
08/18/2008		ELECTRONIC		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/977,687

Applicant(s)

WHITE, CRAIG R.

Examiner

HATEM ALI

Art Unit

3692

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 June 2008.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8 and 21-26 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8 and 21-26 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SF/IC)
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____
Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. The following is a **Office Action** on merits in response to the communication received on **6/23/08**

Acknowledgement

2. In the response the **claims** have not been amended. As such claims **1-8** and **21-26** are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. **Claims 1- 4, and 7** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Yamaguchi** (6,385,675) in view of **Asawaka** (2003/0010818).

As per claims 1 and 4, Yamaguchi discloses an electronic transaction recording system for accumulating data from a printer (a digital copying machine **100**), having an owner and a user the system comprising:

A printing manger (**col.2** ; via account processor**101H** and accounting program and operations for costing and implied and inherent billing system), which manages printing policies for the printer device to determine a cost of each operation performed

on the printer device (**col.2**, lines 60-62; via accounting program inherently processing cost of each operation);

a printing system (**col.2**, line 60+; via account processor **101 H** for processing the cost of the job based on the accounting program and a controller controlling **101 I** the accounting operations ... changing of the accounting programs), which accumulates information on usage of the printer device by the user, generates an accounting of usage based on the accumulated information and associates the accounting of usage with a predetermined unit of usage (**col.2**, lines 62-67 and **col.3**, lines 1-3); and

at least one database, which stores account information of the user of the printer device in terms of the predetermined unit of usage (**col.** lines 40-51; via image processor **101** stores **PDL** data into user's assigned memory with the host computer **102**);

wherein the billing system periodically updates the account information of the user of the printer device and issues an accounting of costs to the user (**col. 2**, lines 27-35 and **col.3**, lines 4-8 ; via the account notice ... to appropriate each host computer **102** ... as requested by the user [implied any users including owner]).

Yamaguchi fails explicitly to disclose that the billing system credits the owner of the printer device an amount corresponding to the predetermined unit of usage of the printer device by the user

However, **Asawaka** being in the same field of invention discloses that the billing system credits the owner of the printer device an amount corresponding to the predetermined unit of usage of the printer device by the user (**Fig.2-5** and **para 0023**,

line 21-23 ;via payment ... in **direct credit** to resource vendor **14** [owner] [from user **10**]and **para 0026**, line 11+ ; via resource vendor **14**, payment transaction **24**, invoice **24a**, accounting department 34a and payment **24a** for more details of the system).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to an ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to modify the features mentioned by **Yamaguchi** to include the disclosures as taught by **Asawaka** to facilitate the payment by invoicing within the scope of accounting department of the printing device resources.

As per claims 2, Yamaguchi discloses that the predetermined unit of usage is a token (**col.1**, lines 35-55, via page unit as token and plurality of operational mode as event and based on command from the host computer make the total charge for the printing to the host computer through a circuit **100F** for managing and logging each job as an account).

As per claim 3, Yamaguchi discloses that the printing system further accumulates information on usage of the printer device by the owner of the printer device, and only bills the owner of the printer device for net usage of the printer device (**col.5**, lines 10-17; via the host computer **102** uses the program software to carry out the specified functions [operator can change the functions if desired] for billing the owner as estimated for the net usage).

As per claim 7, Yamaguchi discloses that a configuration unit coupled to the billing policy database for updating and configuring billing policies for new users of the

printer device (**col.2**, lines 65-67; via the host computers-**102** may be new users to be configured by the controller **101 I**).

5. **Claims 5-6, 8 and 21-26** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Yamaguchi** (6,385,675) and **Asawaka** (2003/0010818) as applied to claim 1 above , further in view of **Okuda** et al (7,034,952).

As per claims 5 and 6, Yamaguchi discloses all the elements of the claimed invention, but fails to explicitly disclose a mobile access unit coupled to the billing manager, wherein the mobile access unit indicates content to be printed at the printer device and selected from the group consisting of a personal digital assistant, a wireless telephone and a mobile computer.

However, **Okuda** being in the same field of invention discloses a mobile access unit coupled to the billing manager, wherein the mobile access unit indicates content to be printed at the printer device and selected from the group consisting of a personal digital assistant, a wireless telephone and a mobile computer (**Figs.2-3** and **col.3**, lines 4-9 and 27-51; via mobile telephone or portable PC are used as the user terminal **102** to a system of the print service shop **101**).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to modify the disclosure and features mentioned by **Yamaguchi** and to include the teachings of **Okuda** to facilitate in order to handle a print request from the mobile user terminals connected through the Internet having web browser facilities.

As per claims 8 and 26, Yamaguchi teaches all elements of the claimed invention, but fails to explicitly disclose the printing system is selected from a back office printing system and Internet Settlement Model.

However, **Okuda** being in the same field of invention discloses the printing system is selected from a back office printing system and Internet Settlement Model (**col.4**, lines 35-47; via the fee computer **408**, the settlement maker **409** and settlement information unit **457** with print service server **100**, inherently charges printing fees and does the back office billing system online [**Internet**]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to modify the disclosure and features as mentioned by **Yamaguchi** to include the teachings of **Okuda** to facilitate a fee collector (**508**) to collect charge amount by means of prepaid card or the like

As per claims 21, 22, 23 and 24, Yamaguchi discloses the system comprising a plurality of printer devices connected over a network (**col. 2**, lines 15-30),

the printing manager (**Fig.2, col.2**; line 63; via controller **101 I** for controlling the account operation) is coupled to each printer device for determining the amount of printer usage and associating a predetermined amount of token values with the amount of printer usage (**col.2**, lines 62-67 and **col. 3**, lines 1-3); and

a printing policies database, which includes billing policies for the printer devices such that the each printer device uses at least one billing policy to determine a cost of each operation, performed on the printer (**col.2**, lines 27-35 and **col.3**, lines 4-8 and inherent programmed function for cost of each operation).

Yamaguchi discloses all the elements of the invention, but fails to explicitly disclose that a mobile access unit containing content which is to be printed and each printer device can receive the content from the mobile access unit and print the content in responses to an authorization process.

However, **Okuda** being in the same field of invention discloses that a mobile access unit containing content which is to be printed and each printer device can receive the content from the mobile access unit and print the content in responses to an authorization process (**col.3; Fig.2**; via mobile telephone as user terminal **102** has a function of a data terminal, internet, gateway server and user verification [implied relation to acceptance] and the like ; **col.4**; lines 11-16; via the job collector 403 accept job data mainly print request from a user)

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to modify the disclosure and features mentioned by **Yamaguchi** to include the teachings of **Okuda** to facilitate the acceptance of verified print request from online users for printing services.

As per claim 25, Yamaguchi discloses that a user configuration unit coupled to the printing policies database for updating and configuring printing policies for new users of the printer devices (**col.2**, lines 65-67; via the controller **101** I control the copying machine **100** to carry out a function specified by host computers **102** inherently payment policies related to new users).

Response to Arguments

6. **Applicant's** arguments with respect to **claims 1-8** and **21-26** have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant argued (remark page 6, line 22) that "More importantly, the Yamaguchi reference does not even mention the owner of the printer or copying machine." In response to applicant's arguments, **Examiner** respectfully refers the recitation (**claim 1**, line 2) "a printer device having an owner and a user" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation occurs in the preamble. A preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the purpose of a process or the intended use of a structure, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead, the process steps or structural limitations are able to stand alone. See *In re Hirao*, 535 F.2d 67, 190 USPQ 15 (CCPA 1976) and *Kropa v. Robie*, 187 F.2d 150, 152, 88 USPQ 478, 481 (CCPA 1951).

Applicant further argued (remark page 7, lines 6+) that Yamaguchi reference does not disclose a billing system ... wherein the billing system credits the owner of the printer device ... by the user as claimed in independent claim 1. **Examiner** respectfully further refers **Asawaki (Fig.2-5 and para 0023**, line 21-23 ; via payment ... in **direct credit** to resource vendor **14 [owner]** [from user **10]**and **para 0026**, line 11+ ; via resource vendor **14**, payment transaction **24**, invoice **24a**, accounting department **34a** and payment **24a** for more details of the system).

Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HATEM ALI whose telephone number is (571)270-3021. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.00 to 6.00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kambiz Abdi can be reached on 571-272-6702. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Harish T Dass/
Examiner, Art Unit 3692

Hatem Ali
Examiner
Art Unit 3692

